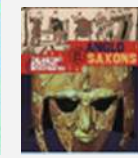




Y5 Anglo-Saxons

Who occupied Britain after the Romans?



AD 388

The Romans begin to leave England and return to Rome.



AD 410

The last Romans leave England.



AD 450

Saxons from Germany land in England and settle in Kent



AD 600

Seven Kingdoms are created across England.



AD 617

Northumbria becomes the supreme Kingdom of England

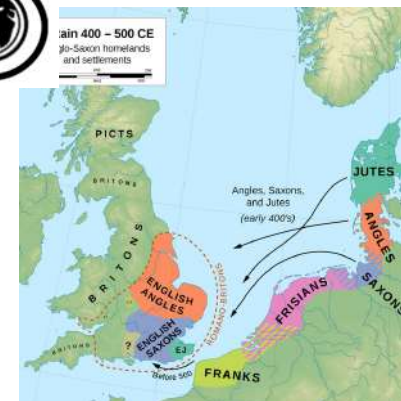


AD 719

Vikings from Scandinavia land at Lindisfarne and attack the Monastery.



Ragnor Lothbrok	A legendary Viking hero.
Anglo-Saxons	Settlers from Germany, The Netherlands and Denmark.
Picts	Tribes in Scotland.
Vikings	Settlers from Scandinavia.
Scots	Settlers from Ireland.



Tribe	From	Settled in Kingdom of	Why did they settle?
Angles	The Netherlands	Northumbria	Invited To make a new home Farm Fight
Saxons	Germany	East Anglia	
Jutes	Denmark	Wessex Kent	

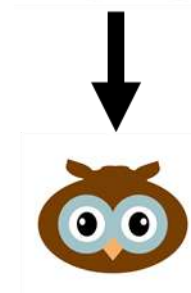


Art - Sculpture using clay

Coil	Clay is rolled into long cylindrical coils, which are then laid on top of each other.
Pinch	Clay is pressed between thumb, fore-and middle fingers
Slab	<i>Slabbing clay</i> is a technique that includes rolling out <i>slabs</i> of <i>clay</i> and then cutting out pieces and attaching them together to create pots, cups, and urns.
Etching	Adding in finer detail by carving patterns into the clay
Sgraffito	One of the oldest methods of decorating clay, and involves creating patterns in the clay by using a pointed tool - scratching.



Vectors



Undo, Redo, Print, Paint format, Zoom, Select,



Line tools, Shapes, Textbox, Image, Comment

Our books:

Winter of the Wolves by Tony Bradman

Oslaf works hard to prove his worth in the village: he labours on the farm, he trains as a warrior and he is slowly finding his place in the community. But when the Chieftain makes the decision to move the village across the sea to the great new land of Britannia, suddenly the Britons are a greater threat than Oslaf's rivalry with the Chieftain's son, Wermund.

Can the Angles and the Saxons defeat the Britons?

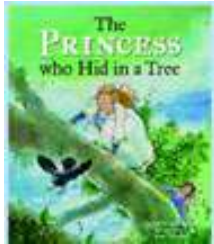
The Princess who Hid in a Tree by Jackie Holderness

This story is about a brave and kind Anglo-Saxon princess called Frideswide who lived in Oxford a long time ago and just happened to be brilliant at climbing very tall trees. Her talent came in useful one day when a wicked king tried to kidnap her. How did she and her friends escape, and what happened to the king and his soldiers?

The History Detective investigates; Anglo-Saxons by Neil Tonge

Follow Sherlock Bones on the detective trail and find out more about the Anglo-Saxons, such as how to write your name using the

Anglo-Saxon alphabet, how the Anglo-Saxons came to Britain and who King Arthur was. Study original quotes and learn how archaeological evidence offers clues on the past.



Key vocabulary

Invade	To enter and occupy a region or country.
Kingdom	A country or territory ruled by a king or queen.
Pillaged	To violently steal goods and land.
Raid	A surprise attack.
Danegeld	Tax collected by Anglo-Saxon kings to ensure defense against Viking raids.
Norse	Ancient Scandinavian language used by the Vikings.
Old English	Earliest form of the English language used by the Anglo-Saxons.
Sagas	A long and heroic medieval story, told in Old Norse and portraying fantastic creatures.

Key skills:



We'll be learning to make vectors using the tool bar and drawing tools within the Google drawing application.



In PE, we will be learning about how our passing skills help us in netball and looking at how we can use tactics and teamwork to succeed. We will also learn about the key football skills of ball control.



We will be raising big questions about life and looking at them through the lens of Hinduism. We will look at the distinctive and common aspects of religion.



In DT, we'll design and make a Viking Longboat and test its resistance to water.



In art, we'll design and make a clay artefact using the skills of etching and sgraffito.



We'll practise our scientific skills by making observations of the effect of salt in water on metal. We will design an experiment to test levers and pulleys.



In Spanish, we'll learn how to talk about our pets and learn how to say some letters and sounds.

The questions and outcomes we'll cover are:

Week 1

What led to the fall of the Roman Empire?

To act out the attacks from the Picts, Scots and Saxons.



Week 2

Who were the Anglo-Saxons?

To label Anglo-Saxon settlements on a map.



Week 3

How can we share what we know about Anglo-Saxon life?

To create a clay artefact used in Anglo-Saxon Britain.



Week 4

What was it like to live in Anglo-Saxon Britain?

To create a map of an Anglo-Saxon settlement.



Week 5

How did the Vikings travel?

To investigate the materials used on a Viking longship.



Week 6

What would a voyaging Viking's diary look like?

To design, make and evaluate a Viking longship.



Week 7

What would it have felt like to travel on a Viking longship?

To write an atmospheric description of travelling across the sea.



Why not try this at home?

Have a go at creating your own Viking shield out of any materials you may find at home.

